Application No. 10/536,533 Paper Dated: November 23, 2009

In Reply to USPTO Correspondence of October 1, 2009

Attorney Docket No. 4544-051675

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims

Claims 1-22 (Cancelled)

- Claim 23 (Currently Amended): A process for preparing an agglutination reagent for detecting typhoid comprising:
- (a) preparing a polyolonal monospecific an antibody specific to a Flagellin gene of Salmonella typhi;
 - (b) preparing a latex particle suspension; and
- (c) coating a latex particle with said polyclonal-monospecific antibody specific to Salmonella typhi;

wherein said polyclonal monospecific antibody specific to <u>the Flagellin gene of Salmonella</u> typhi is prepared according to a method comprising:

- (i) raising a hyper immune sera against a purified protein encoded by a Flagellin gene specific to Salmonella typhi, and
- (ii) separating said polyclonal-monospecific-antibody specific to the Flagellin gene of Salmonella typhi from said hyper immune sera;

wherein said latex particle suspension is prepared according to a method comprising.

- (i) mixing 1% carboxylated latex particles and a 40 mM 2-N morpholinoethane sulphonic acid (MES) buffer of pH 5.5 to 6.0 in a ratio of 1:1, washing with a 20 mM MES buffer of pH 5.5 thereby forming a washed latex particle, and
- (ii) adding a 1-ethyl-3 (3-dimethyl-amino propyl) carbodiimide hydrochloride (EDC) in a 20 mM MES buffer of pH 5.5 to said washed latex particle in a ratio of 1:1, washing with a 20 mM MES buffer (pH 5.5); and

Application No. 10/536,533

Paper Dated: November 23, 2009

In Reply to USPTO Correspondence of October 1, 2009

Attorney Docket No. 4544-051675

wherein said latex particle is coated according to a method comprising:

- (i) reacting said polyclonal monospecific antibody specific to the Flagellin gene of Salmonella typhi with said washed latex particle thereby forming an antibody specific to the Flagelling gene of Salmonella typhicoated latex particle,
- (ii) stopping the reacting step (i) by adding 1M glycine (pH 11.0), and
- (iii) washing said polyelonal monospecific antibody specific to the Flagellin gene of Salmonella typhi coated latex particle with a washing buffer comprised of 50 mM glycine, pH 8.5; 0.03% surfactant and 0.05% sodium azide.
- Claim 24 (Currently Amended): An agglutination reagent for rapid and early detection of typhoid, comprising a carboxylated latex particle coated with an antibody specific to a Flagellin gene of Salmonella typhi, suspended in storage buffer.
- Claim 25 (Previously Presented): The agglutination reagent as claimed in claim 24, wherein the size of the said latex particles is 0.88 to 0.90 μm .
- Claim 26 (Previously Presented): The agglutination reagent as claimed in claim 24, wherein the said storage buffer is comprised of 50 mM glycine pH 8.5, 1.0% bovine serum albumin, 0.03% surfactant, 0.1% sodium azide and 0.01% thimerosal.
- Claim 27 (Previously Presented): The agglutination reagent for rapid and early detection of typhoid as claimed in claim 24, wherein said antibody is an immunoglobulin fraction of a hyper immune sera raised against a protein encoded by a Flagellin gene specific to Salmonella typhi, and wherein said storage buffer is a 50 mM phosphate buffer.
- Claim 28 (Withdrawn): A kit for rapid and early detection of typhoid comprising 1% agglutination reagent as claimed in claim 24 suspended in storage buffer, glass slides, droppers, wooden sticks and positive and negative controls.

2088280.DOC